

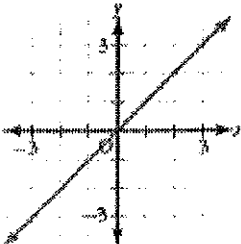
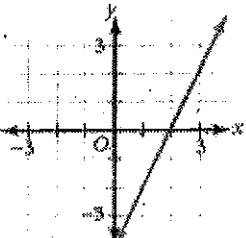
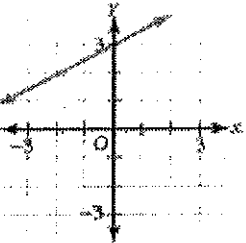
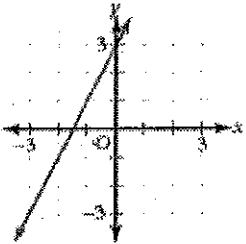
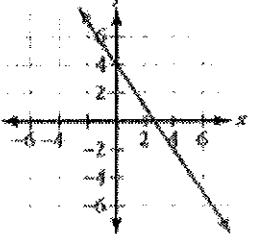
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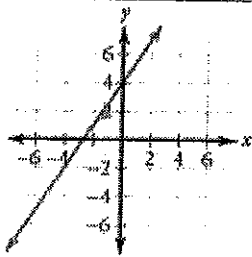
5-4

Algebra Lab
Matching Graphs and Equations

Name _____

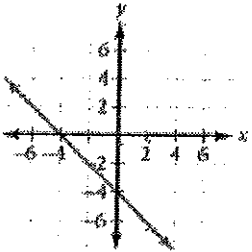
For each graph in the left hand column, find its matching equation in both slope-intercept form and point-slope form and glue the equation in the blank columns on the right.

Graph	Slope-Intercept Form	Point-Slope Form
	$y = x$	$y - 1 = 1(x - 1)$
	$y = 2x - 4$	$y + 2 = 2(x - 1)$
	$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$	$y - 2 = \frac{1}{2}(x + 2)$
	$y = 2x + 3$	$y - 1 = 2(x + 1)$
	$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 4$	$y + 2 = -\frac{3}{2}(x - 4)$



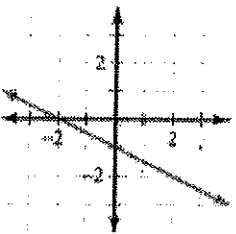
$$y = \frac{3}{2}x + 4$$

$$y + 2 = \frac{3}{2}(x + 4)$$



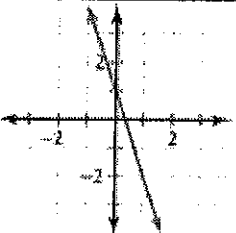
$$y = -x - 4$$

$$y + 0 = -(x - 2)$$



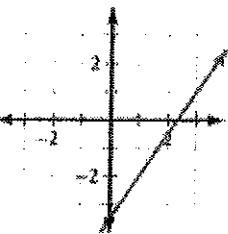
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 1$$

$$y + 2 = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 2)$$



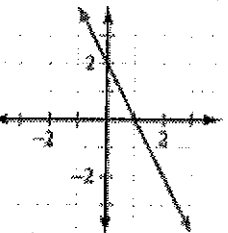
$$y = -3x + 1$$

$$y + 2 = -3(x - 1)$$



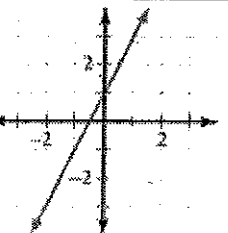
$$y = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{7}{2}$$

$$y + 2 = \frac{3}{2}(x - 1)$$



$$y = -2x + 2$$

$$y + 2 = -2(x - 2)$$



$$y = 2x + 1$$

$$y - 3 = 2(x - 1)$$

Writing Linear Eq. #10

① $(3, -4)$ $m = 2$
 $y + 4 = 2(x - 3)$

② $(-1, 5)$ $m = -\frac{4}{3}$
 $y - 5 = -\frac{4}{3}(x + 1)$

③ $(8, 0)$ $m = \frac{7}{2}$
 $y = \frac{7}{2}(x - 8)$

④ $(-2, -9)$ $m = -\frac{1}{6}$
 $y + 9 = -\frac{1}{6}(x + 2)$

⑤ $(0, -6)$ $m = -3$
 $y + 6 = -3x$

⑥ $(8, 5)$ $m = \frac{1}{4}$
 $5 = \frac{1}{4}(8) + b$
 $5 = 2 + b$
 $3 = b$

$y = \frac{1}{4}x + 3$

⑦ $(4, -1)$ $m = -2$
 $-1 = -2(4) + b$
 $-1 = -8 + b$
 $7 = b$

$y = -2x + 7$

⑧ $(-6, 2)$ $m = \frac{5}{3}$
 $2 = \frac{5}{3}(-6) + b$
 $2 = -10 + b$

$12 = b$

$y = \frac{5}{3}x + 12$

⑨ $(-7, -4)$ $m = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $-4 = -\frac{1}{2}(-7) + b$
 $-4 = \frac{7}{2} + b$
 $-\frac{15}{2} = b$

$y = -\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{15}{2}$

⑩ $(\frac{3}{2}, 0)$ $m = 5$
 $0 = 5(\frac{3}{2}) + b$

$0 = \frac{15}{2} + b$

$-\frac{15}{2} = b$

$y = 5x - \frac{15}{2}$

#s 11-15
Skip

Point-Slope Equations #7

$$\textcircled{1} \quad y-1=1(x-4)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad y-2=0(x+3) \quad (y=2)$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad y+3=-2(x-2)$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad (2,1) \quad m=4 \\ y-1=4(x-2)$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad (-7,2) \quad m=0 \\ y-2=0(x+7)$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad (8,3) \quad m=1 \\ y-3=1(x-8)$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad (-6,7) \quad m=0 \\ y-7=0(x+6) \quad (y=7)$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad (4,9) \quad m=\frac{3}{4} \\ y-9=\frac{3}{4}(x-4)$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad (-4,-5) \quad m=-\frac{1}{2} \\ y+5=-\frac{1}{2}(x+4)$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad m=0 \\ y+2=0(x-4) \\ \text{OR} \\ y=-2$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad m=0 \\ y-6=0(x+5) \\ \text{OR} \\ y=6$$

$$\textcircled{12} \quad m=0 \\ y-0=0(x-5) \\ \text{OR} \\ y=0$$

Point-Slope Eq. #8

$$\textcircled{1} \quad y + 2 = 3(x + 1)$$

#s 10-18 - skip

$$\textcircled{2} \quad y + 2 = -1(x - 1)$$

$$\textcircled{19} \quad y - 4 = 3(x - 2)$$

$$y - 4 = 3x - 6$$

$$\boxed{y = 3x - 2}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad y + 3 = 0(x - 2) \quad (y = -3)$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad (3, 1) \quad m = 0$$

$$y - 1 = 0(x - 3)$$

OR

$$y = 1$$

$$\textcircled{20} \quad y + 2 = -(x + 4)$$

$$y + 2 = -x - 4$$

$$\boxed{y = -x - 6}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad (-4, 0) \quad m = 8$$

$$y - 0 = 8(x + 4)$$

$$\textcircled{21} \quad y - 0 = -2(x + 2)$$

$$y - 0 = -2x - 4$$

$$\boxed{y = -2x - 4}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad (1, -3) \quad m = -4$$

$$y + 3 = -4(x - 1)$$

$$\textcircled{22} \quad y + 1 = -5(x - 3)$$

$$y + 1 = -5x + 15$$

$$\boxed{y = -5x + 14}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad (4, -0) \quad m = 1$$

$$y + 0 = 1(x - 4)$$

$$\textcircled{23} \quad y - 3 = 0(x - 1)$$

$$y - 3 = 0x - 0$$

$$\boxed{y = 0x - 3}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad (3, 3) \quad m = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$y - 3 = \frac{4}{3}(x - 3)$$

$$\textcircled{24} \quad y - 8 = 3(x + 5)$$

$$y - 8 = 3x + 15$$

$$\boxed{y = 3x + 23}$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad (-5, -1) \quad m = -\frac{5}{4}$$

$$y + 1 = -\frac{5}{4}(x + 5)$$

$$(25) \quad y - 2 = \frac{1}{2}(x + 0)$$

$$y - 2 = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 5$$

$$(26) \quad y + 1 = -\frac{1}{3}(x + 9)$$

$$y + 1 = -\frac{1}{3}x - 3$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 4$$

$$(27) \quad y - \frac{1}{2} = x + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = x + 1$$

8 pg. 2

1-60

18-27

① $y - 2 = 3(x - 2)$

② $y + 10 = -1(x - 1)$

③ $y + 4 = 0(x + 3)$

④ $y - 3 = -\frac{3}{4}(x - 1)$

⑤ $y - 5 = -\frac{2}{5}(x + 8)$

⑥ $y + 3 = \frac{1}{3}(x - 3)$

⑧ $y - 3 = -5(x + 12)$

$y - 3 = -5x - 60$
 $+3 \qquad +3$

$y = -5x - 57$

⑨ $y - 5 = \frac{3}{2}(x + 4)$

$y - 5 = \frac{3}{2}x + 6$
 $+5 \qquad +5$

$y = \frac{3}{2}x + 11$

⑩ $y - \frac{1}{4} = -3(x + \frac{1}{4})$

$y - \frac{1}{4} = -3x - \frac{3}{4}$
 $+\frac{1}{4} \qquad +\frac{1}{4}$

$y = -3x - \frac{1}{2}$

⑪ $y - \frac{2}{3} = -2(x - \frac{1}{4})$

$y - \frac{2}{3} = -2x + \frac{1}{2}$
 $+\frac{2}{3} \qquad +\frac{2}{3}$

$y = -2x + \frac{7}{6}$

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} \rightarrow \frac{3}{6} + \frac{4}{6} = \frac{7}{6}$

$x = \text{hr} \quad y = \$$
 $y = 15x + b$
 $(9, 195)$

$195 = 15(9) + b$

$195 = 135 + b$

$-135 \quad -135$

$60 = b$

$y - 195 = 15(x - 9)$

⑫ $y = 15x + 60$

⑬ $b = \$60$

⑭ $x = \text{mi} \quad y = \$$

$y - 64 = .50(x - 48)$

⑮ $y - 64 = .50(x - 48)$

$y - 64 = .50x - 24$
 $+64 \qquad +64$

$y = .50x + 40$

⑯ $b = \$40$