

# #4 Monomial x Polynomial

Boy measuring stick...

$$1) 7(2m^2 + 5)$$
$$\boxed{14m^2 + 35}$$

$$9) x^2y(x^2 - y^2)$$
$$\boxed{x^4y - x^2y^3}$$

$$2) -3(8m^2 - 4m)$$
$$\boxed{-24m^2 + 12m}$$

$$10) -5xy^2(-x^3y + 4xy^3)$$
$$\boxed{5x^4y^3 - 20x^2y^5}$$

$$3) 2m(m^3 + 9)$$
$$\boxed{2m^4 + 18m}$$

$$11) 9xy(2x^2y + 9xy - 4xy^2)$$
$$\boxed{18x^3y^2 + 81x^2y^2 - 36x^2y^3}$$

$$4) m^2(-5m - 6)$$
$$\boxed{-5m^3 - 6m^2}$$

$$12) -x^2y^2(5x^2 - 8xy + y^2)$$
$$\boxed{-5x^4y^2 + 8x^3y^3 - x^2y^4}$$

$$5) 9(4a^2 - a + 2)$$
$$\boxed{36a^2 - 9a + 18}$$

$$13) 3cd^4(2c^4 - 5c^2d^2 - 18d^4)$$
$$\boxed{6c^5d^4 - 15c^3d^6 - 54cd^8}$$

$$6) 3a(12 + 5a - a^2)$$
$$\boxed{36a + 15a^2 - 3a^3}$$

$$14) 8c^2d^2(3c^4d^3 + 10c^3d^4 + 11)$$
$$\boxed{24c^6d^5 + 80c^5d^6 + 88c^2d^2}$$

$$7) -4a^2(7a^2 + 15a - 1)$$
$$\boxed{-28a^4 - 60a^3 + 4a^2}$$

$$15) -9c^7d^3(10c^5d^2 - 5c^2d^5)$$
$$\boxed{-144c^{12}d^5 + 45c^9d^8}$$

$$8) 2a^3(6a^2 - 2a + 3)$$
$$\boxed{12a^5 - 4a^4 + 6a^3}$$

$$16) 4c^5(3c^2 - 20cd - 3d^2)$$
$$\boxed{12c^7 - 80c^6d - 12c^5d^2}$$

#8

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_ PERIOD \_\_\_\_\_

### 8-6 Practice (Average) Multiplying a Polynomial by a Monomial

Find each product.

- $2h(-7h^2 - 4h) - 44h^3 - 8h^2$
- $6pq(9p^2 + 4q) - 18p^3q + 24pq^2$
- $-2w(-7w + 3) - 8w^2 + 19w + 2$
- $5jk(3jk + 2k) - 15j^2k^2 + 10jk^2$
- $-3rs(-2s^2 + 3r) - 6rs^2 + 9r^2s$
- $4xy^2(2xy + 4y) - 8x^2y^3 + 16xy^2$
- $-\frac{1}{4}m(8m^2 + m - 7) - 2m^3 - \frac{1}{4}m^2 + \frac{7}{4}m$
- $-\frac{2}{3}n^2(-9n^2 + 3n + 6) - 6n^4 - 2n^3 - 4n^2$
- $-2t(3t - 4) + 7t - 6t^2 + 15t$
- $5u(-7u + 3) + 2u(-2u^2 + 19u + 2) - 4u^3 + 3u^2 + 19u$
- $6(2n - 3) - 5(2n^2 + 9) - 3$
- $-2(3m^2 + 5m + 6) + 3m(2m^2 + 3m + 1) - 9m^2 - 7m - 12$
- $-3g(7g - 2) + 3(g^2 + 2g + 1) - 8g(-5g + 3) - 3g^2 + 3g + 3$
- $4z^2(z - 7) - 5z(z^2 - 2z - 2) + 3z(4z - 2) - z^3 - 6z^2 + 4z$

Simplify.

- $5(2s - 1) + 3 = 3(8t + 2) - 8$
- $3(3u + 2) + 5 = 2(2u - 2) - 3$
- $4(8n + 3) - 5 = 2(6n + 8) + 1 - \frac{1}{2}$
- $8(3b + 1) = 4(b + 3) - 9 - \frac{1}{4}$
- $k(h - 3) - 2h = k(h - 2) - 12 - 4$
- $w(w + 6) + 4w = -7 + w(w + 9) - 7$
- $4t + 4 - 1 = 4(t + 2) + 2 - \frac{3}{2}$
- $u(u - 5) + 8u = u(u + 2) - 4 - 4$

23. **NUMBER THEORY** Let  $x$  be an integer. What is the product of twice the integer added to three times the next consecutive integer?  $5x + 3$

**INVESTMENTS** For Exercises 24–26, use the following information.  
Kent invested \$5,000 in a retirement plan. He allocated  $x$  dollars of the money to a bond account that earns 4% interest per year and the rest to a traditional account that earns 5% interest per year.

- Write an expression that represents the amount of money invested in the traditional account.  $5,000 - x$
- Write a polynomial model in simplest form for the total amount of money  $T$  Kent has invested after one year. (Hint: Each account has  $A + IA$  dollars, where  $A$  is the original amount in the account and  $I$  is its interest rate.)  $T = 5,250 - 0.01x$
- Kent put \$500 in the bond account, how much money does he have in his retirement plan after one year? \$5,245

### Answers (Lesson 8-6)

#7

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_ PERIOD \_\_\_\_\_

### 8-6 Study Guide and Intervention (continued) Multiplying a Polynomial by a Monomial

**Solve Equations with Polynomial Expressions** Many equations contain polynomials that must be added, subtracted, or multiplied before the equation can be solved.

**Example 1** Solve  $4(n - 2) + 5n = 6(3 - n) + 19$ .

- $4(n - 2) + 5n = 6(3 - n) + 19$  Original equation
- $4n - 8 + 5n = 18 - 6n + 19$  Distributive Property
- $9n - 8 = 37 - 6n$  Combine like terms.
- $15n - 8 = 37$  Add 6n to both sides.
- $15n = 45$  Add 8 to both sides.
- $n = 3$  Divide each side by 15.

The solution is 3.

#### Exercises

Solve each equation.

- $2(x - 3) = 3(-2a + 6) - 3$
- $3(x + 5) - 6 = 18 - 3$
- $3x(x - 5) - 3x^2 = -30 - 2$
- $6(x^2 + 2x) = 2(3x^2 + 12) - 2$
- $4(2p + 1) - 12p = 2(3p + 12) - 1$
- $2(6x + 4) + 2 = 4(x - 4) - 3\frac{1}{4}$
- $-2(4y - 3) - 8y + 6 = 4(y - 2) + 1$
- $c(c + 2) - c(c - 6) = 10c - 12 - 6$
- $3(x^2 - 2x) = 3x^2 + 5x - 11 + 1$
- $2(4x + 3) + 2 = -4(x + 1) - 1$
- $3(2h - 6) - (2h + 1) = 9 - 7$
- $3(y + 5) - (4y - 8) = -2y + 10 - 13$
- $3(2a - 6) - (-3a - 1) = 4a - 2 - 3$
- $5(2x^2 - 1) - (10x^2 - 6) = -(x + 2) - 3$
- $3(x + 2) + 2(x + 1) = -5(x - 3) + \frac{7}{10}$
- $4(3p^2 + 2p) - 12p^2 = 2(8p + 6) - \frac{3}{2}$

#9

# Mystery

$$E) \frac{3x+8+4x-1+5x+2}{12x+9}$$

$$E) \frac{3x(8x-5)}{24x^2-15x}$$

$$O) \frac{9x-10+2x^2+x^2+4}{3x^2+9x-6}$$

$$S) \frac{2x^2(x^2+7x+4)}{2x^4+14x^3+8x^2}$$

$$I) \frac{2x-3+2x-3+4x-7+4x-7}{12x-20}$$

$$G) \frac{2x(x) = 2x^2}{x(x) = 1x^2}$$

$$2x(2x) = 4x^2$$

$$\boxed{7x^2}$$

$$S) \frac{3x-2}{9x+4} \quad \frac{13x+11}{4x+7}$$

$$+ \frac{6x+6}{9x+4} - \frac{(9x+4)}{4x+7}$$

$$R) \frac{9x(16x+5)}{144x^2+45x}$$

$$\frac{4x(7x-2)}{28x^2-8x}$$

$$\frac{144x^2+45x-(28x^2-8x)}{116x^2+53x}$$

$$D) \frac{7x+2}{4x-5} \quad \frac{21x+2}{5x+5}$$

$$+ \frac{5x}{16x-3} - \frac{(16x-3)}{5x+5}$$

$$A) \frac{2x^2-9}{2x^2+3x-5} \quad \frac{3x^2-2x-5}{x^2-5x}$$

$$+ \frac{3x+4}{2x^2+3x-5} - \frac{(2x^2+3x-5)}{x^2-5x}$$

$$W) \frac{66x^2(11x+20)}{66x^3+170x^2}$$

$$\frac{8(10x^2-3x)}{80x^2-24x}$$

$$\frac{66x^3+170x^2-(80x^2-24x)}{66x^3+40x^2+24x}$$

$$r) 3x(5x-12)$$

$$15x^2 - 36x$$

$$x(x+2) = (x^2 + 2x)4$$

$$4x^2 + 8x$$

$$15x^2 - 36x - (4x^2 + 8x)$$

$$\boxed{11x^2 - 44x}$$